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by a Federal Reserve Bank with-drawing the securities from the Participant's Securities Account in which they are maintained and by either crediting the amount of the redemption proceeds, including both principal and interest, where applicable, to a Funds Account at the Bank or otherwise paying such principal and interest as directed by the Participant. No action by the Participant is required in connection with the redemption of a Book-entry Security.

§ 357.14 Authority of Federal Reserve Banks.

- (a) Each Federal Reserve Bank is hereby authorized as fiscal agent of the United States to perform functions with respect to the issuance of Bookentry Securities offered and sold by the Department to which this subpart applies, in accordance with the terms of the applicable offering circular and with procedures established by the Department; to service and maintain Book-entry Securities in accounts established for such purposes; to make payments of principal and interest, as directed by the Department; to effect transfer of Book-entry Securities between Participants' Securities Accounts as directed by the Participants; and to perform such other duties as fiscal agent as may be requested by the Department.
- (b) Each Federal Reserve Bank may issue Operating Circulars not inconsistent with this part, governing the details of its handling of Book-entry Securities, Security Entitlements, and the operation of the book-entry system under this part.

Subpart C—Treasury Direct Book-Entry Securities System (TREASURY DIRECT)

§ 357.20 Securities account in TREAS-URY DIRECT.

- (a) *Account.* A securities account consists of:
 - (1) An account master record, and
 - (2) A securities portfolio.
- (b) Security. A security in TREAS-URY DIRECT is evidenced by the account master record and a description of the security as set out in the securi-

ties portfolio associated with an account master record.

- (c) Account master record. An owner must establish an account master record before the owner may deposit a security in TREASURY DIRECT. If the security is being purchased on original issue, the request that an account master record be established may be made on the form used for purchase of the security. If the security is being acquired other than on original issue, the reguest that an account master record be established should be made on the appropriate form that is provided by the Department. The account master record includes, but is not limited to, the following data:
- (1) The exact form of registration in which the securities are held;
- (2) The TREASURY DIRECT account number;
- (3) The correspondence address for the account;
- (4) The TIN of the owner, or in the case of ownership by two individuals, of the first-named owner; and
- (5) Payment instructions. (See § 357.26.)
- (d) Securities portfolio. The securities portfolio contains a description of each security and is the aggregate of all securities in the securities account.
- (e) *Statement of account.* The Department shall send a statement of account (statement):
- (1) Upon the establishment of an account master record;
- (2) Upon a change in the securities portfolio;
 - (3) At an owner's request; or
- (4) Upon the determination on December 31 that an owner has not received a statement of account for that current calendar year.

The statement shall contain information regarding the account as of the date of such statement. The price associated with each security in the securities portfolio will also appear on the statement. The statement may be sent

¹IRS regulations require reporting of income information on a security.

⁽¹⁾ If the security is a bill, the price information will be used to comply with this requirement. The earnings reported to IRS for the year of a bill's maturity will be the difference between the par value of the bill and its price.